# Verified Efficient Implementation of Gabow's Strongly Connected Component Algorithm

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### Motivation

- Verify algorithm that computes SCCs of a digraph
- Variants/Applications of algorithm
  - Enumerate SCCs
  - Emptiness check of Generalized Büchi-Automata
  - ...
- Re-use formalization between variants
- Generate efficiently executable code

### **Outline**

Gabow's SCC Algorithm

2 Isabelle/HOL Formalization

3 Performance Evaluation

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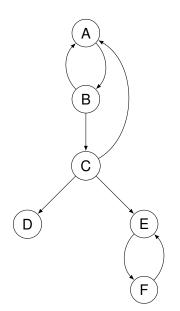
1 Gabow's SCC Algorithm

2 Isabelle/HOL Formalization

3 Performance Evaluation

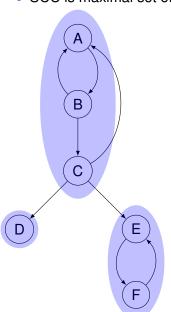
### Strongly Connected Components

• SCC is maximal set of mutually reachable nodes



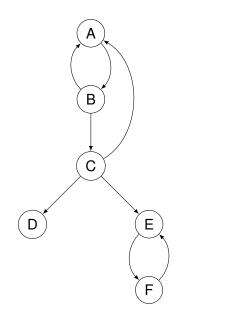
### **Strongly Connected Components**

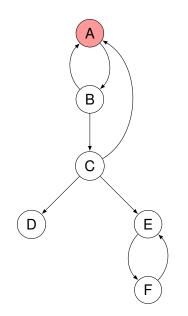
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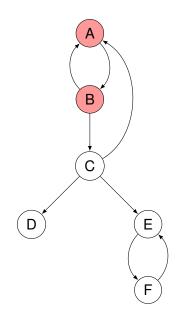


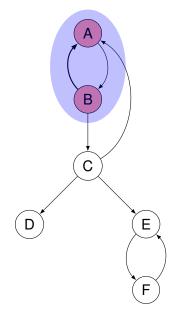
### Path-Based Algorithms

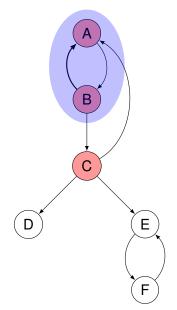
- Depth first search
- On back edge, collapse nodes of induced cycle
- Eventually, each node represents SCC

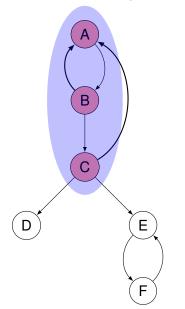


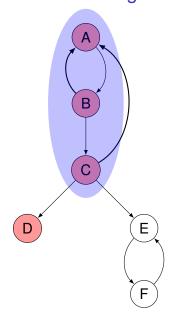


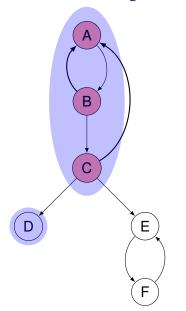


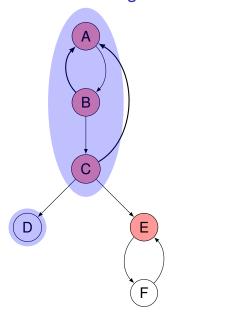


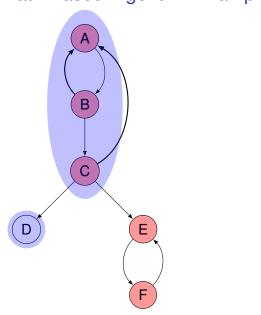


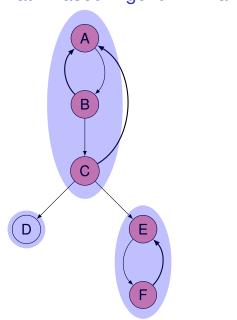


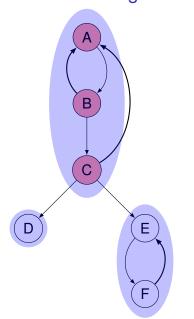


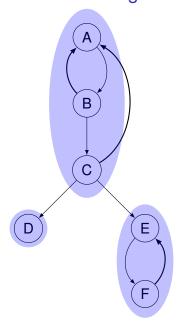






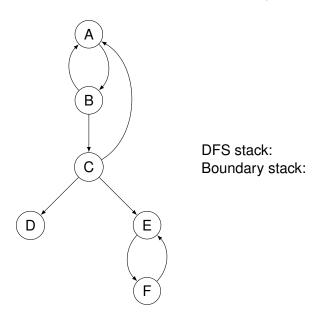


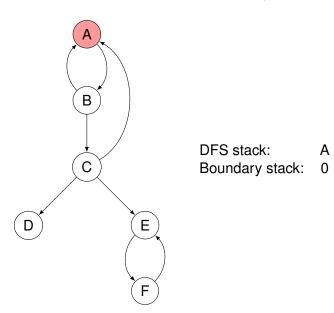


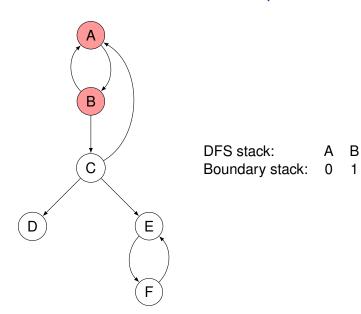


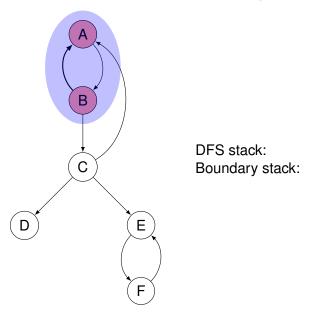
### Gabow's Data Structure

- How to maintain collapsed nodes on stack?
- Use boundary stack
  - contains indexes of bounds between collapsed nodes
- Yields linear-time algorithm

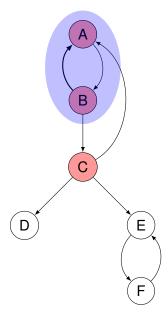




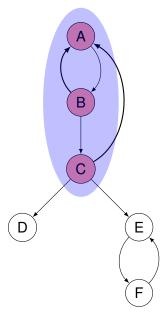




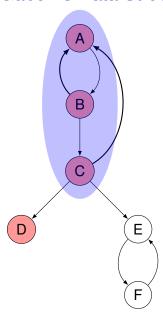
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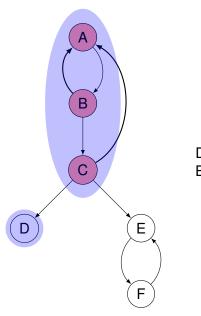
DFS stack: A B C Boundary stack: 0 2



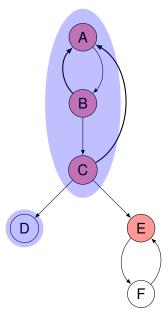
DFS stack: A B C Boundary stack: 0



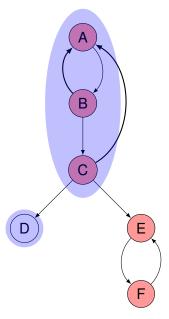
DFS stack: A B C D Boundary stack: 0 4



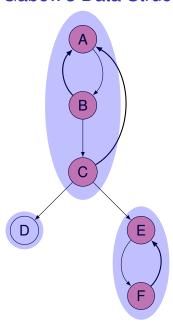
DFS stack: A B C Boundary stack: 0



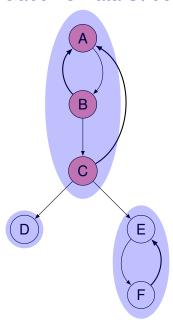
DFS stack: A B C E Boundary stack: 0 4



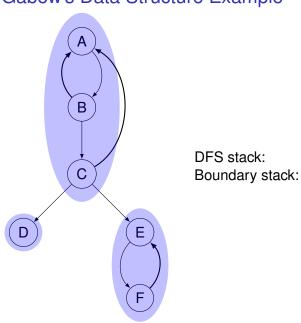
DFS stack: A B C E F Boundary stack: 0 4 5



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- Reuse this formalization for actual algorithms
- Utilize existing Isabelle technologies
  - Collection Framework, Refinement Framework, Autoref tool
  - Code generator, locales

Skeleton Specification

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Abstract Skeleton Algorithm

Skeleton Specification



Abstract Skeleton Algorithm



Gabow's Implementation

Skeleton Specification



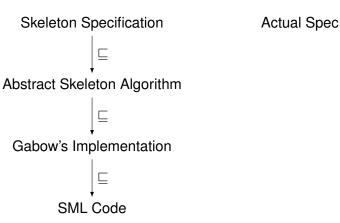
Abstract Skeleton Algorithm

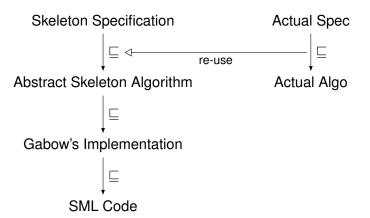


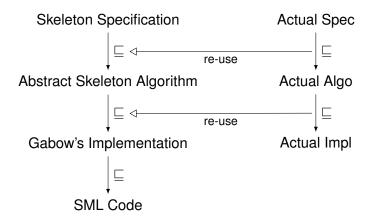
Gabow's Implementation

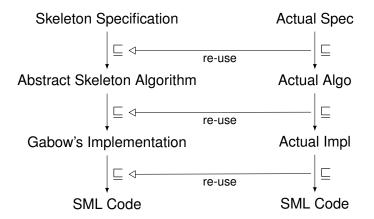


SML Code









### Isabelle Refinement Framework

Nondeterministic monadic programs

```
skeleton \equiv do {}
  let D = \{\};
  r \leftarrow FOREACHi outer invar V0 (\lambda v0 D0. do {
    if v0∉D0 then do {
       let s = initial \ v0 \ D0:
       (p,D,pE) \leftarrow WHILEIT (invar v0 D0) (\lambda(p,D,pE). p \neq []) (\lambda(p,D,pE).
       do {
         (vo,(p,D,pE)) \leftarrow select edge(p,D,pE);
         case vo of
            Some v \Rightarrow
              if v \in \bigcupset p then RETURN (collapse v (p,D,pE))
              else if v\notin D then RETURN (push v (p,D,pE))
              else RETURN (p,D,pE)
         | None \Rightarrow RETURN (pop (p,D,pE))
       }) s;
       RETURN D
    } else RETURN D0
  }) D;
  RETURN r }
```

### Isabelle Refinement Framework

- · Nondeterministic monadic programs
- Supports stepwise refinement
- Verification Condition Generator

### Autoref-Tool and Collections Framework

- Automatic Refinement Tool (Autoref)
  - Parametricity-based approach to data refinement
  - Automatic synthesis of implementation from abstract program
- Isabelle Collection Framework
  - Efficient data structures (Array, Hash-Table, Bitvector, ...)
  - Generic Algorithm Library
  - Integrated with Autoref

```
schematic_lemma skeleton_code_aux:
  "(RETURN ?skeleton_tr,skeleton_impl) ∈ ⟨oGSi_rel⟩nres_rel"
  unfolding ... by autoref
export_code skeleton_tr in SML file "gabow.sml"
```

### Re-use of Invariants

- Exploit locale mechanism to define extended invariants
- Set up VCG: Only preservation of extension needs to be proved

```
locale invar -- "Invariants of Skeleton"
locale cscc_invar_ext -- "Additional invariants"
locale cscc_invar = invar + cscc_invar_ext -- "Combined invariant"
lemma cscc_invarI:
    assumes "invar s"
    assumes "invar s => cscc_invar_ext (l,s)"
    shows "cscc_invar (l,s)"
```

#### Re-use of Refinements

- Use basic operations in extended algorithm
- Re-use refinements for basic operations

```
compute SCC \equiv ...
 | None \Rightarrow do {
     (* No more outgoing edges from current node on path *)
     ASSERT (pE \cap last p \times UNIV = {});
     let V = last p:
     let (p,D,pE) = pop (p,D,pE);
     let l = V#l;
     RETURN (l,p,D,pE)
lemma compute SCC impl refine: "compute SCC impl ≤ ↓Id compute SCC"
proof -
  show ?thesis
    unfolding compute SCC impl def compute SCC def
    apply (refine rcg ... pop refine ...)
    by (vc solve ...)
ged
```

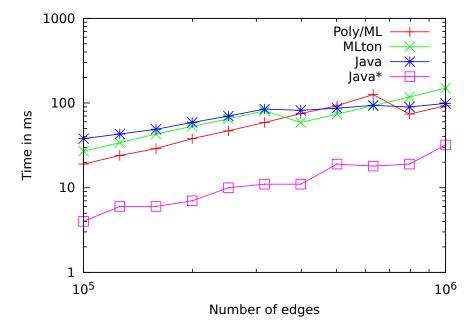
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# Benchmark against Java Reference Implementation



#### Conclusions

- Efficient, extensible formalization of Gabow's Algorithm
  - Performance comparable to Java implementation (×3...×4)
  - Variants: Enumerate SCCs, emptiness check for GBA
- Used by the CAVA fully verified LTL model checker [CAV '13]
- Example of verified algorithm design in Isabelle/HOL
  - Using Collection/Refinement/Autoref framework [ITP '10,'12,'13]
  - Refinement separates algorithmic ideas from implementation
  - Sharing of proofs between variants of the algorithm

## Questions

Questions? Remarks?